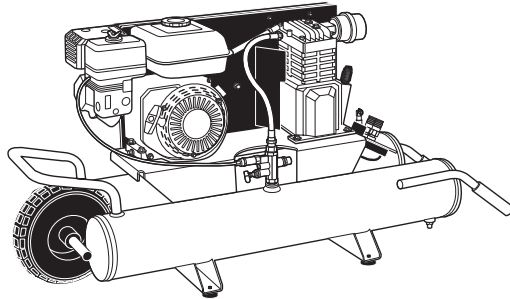


RIDGID[®]

**GP90135
OPERATOR'S MANUAL**



**WHEELBARROW
AIR
COMPRESSOR**

⚠WARNING

**Read and follow all Safety Rules
before first use of this product.**

IN610400AV

Printed in U.S.A.

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Safety Instructions

This manual contains information that is very important to know and understand. This information is provided for SAFETY and to PREVENT EQUIPMENT PROBLEMS. To help recognize this information, observe the following symbols.

Safety Signal Words

⚠ DANGER Danger indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **WILL** result in death or serious injury.


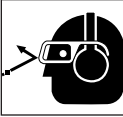
⚠ WARNING Warning indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **COULD** result in death or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION Caution indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **MAY** result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE Notice indicates important information, that if not followed, may cause damage to equipment.

Before Using the Air Compressor

Since the air compressor and other components (pump, spray guns, filters, lubricators, hoses, etc.) used make up a high pressure pumping system, the following safety precautions must be observed at all times:

1. Read all manuals included with this product carefully. Be thoroughly familiar with the controls and the proper use of the equipment. 
2. Follow all local safety codes as well as the United States Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA).
3. Only persons well acquainted with these rules of safe operation should be allowed to use the compressor.
4. Keep visitors away and NEVER allow children in the work area.
5. Wear safety glasses and use hearing protection when operating the pump or unit. 
6. Do not stand on or use the pump or unit as a handhold.
7. Before each use, inspect compressed air system, fuel system and electrical components for signs of damage,

deterioration, weakness or leakage. Repair or replace defective items before using.

8. Check all fasteners at frequent intervals for proper tightness.

⚠ WARNING Never operate compressor without a beltguard. Compressors can start automatically without warning. Personal injury or property damage could occur from contact with moving parts. 

9. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry that will get caught in the moving parts of the unit.

⚠ CAUTION Compressor parts may be hot even if the unit is stopped. 

Safety Instructions (continued)

- Keep fingers away from a running compressor; fast moving and hot parts will cause injury and/or burns.
- If the equipment should start to vibrate abnormally, STOP the engine/motor and check immediately for the cause. Vibration is generally a warning of trouble.

⚠WARNING

NEVER refuel a running or hot engine. Explosive fuel can cause fires and severe burns. Avoid overfilling fuel tank.



- Check fuel level before starting the engine. Do not fill the gas tank indoors. Wipe off any spilled gas before starting the engine.

⚠DANGER

Gasoline vapor is highly flammable. Refill outdoors or only in well ventilated areas. Do not store, spill or use gasoline near an open flame or heat devices such as a stove, furnace, or water heater, which utilize a pilot light, or any device that can create a spark. If gasoline is accidentally spilled, move unit away from the spill area and avoid creating any source of ignition until gasoline vapors have dissipated.

⚠WARNING

Motors, electrical equipment and controls can cause electrical arcs that will ignite a flammable gas or vapor. Never operate or



repair in or near a flammable gas or vapor. Never store flammable liquids or gases in the vicinity of the compressor.

⚠WARNING

Carbon monoxide can cause severe nausea, fainting or death. Do not operate unit inside a closed building or a poorly ventilated area.



- To reduce fire hazard, keep engine/motor exterior free of oil, solvent, or excessive grease.

⚠WARNING

Never remove or attempt to adjust safety valve. Keep safety valve free from paint and other accumulations.

- Do not tamper with governor setting on engine. Overspeeding the unit severely shortens engine life and may also be very hazardous.

⚠DANGER

Never attempt to repair or modify a tank! Welding, drilling or any other modification will weaken the tank resulting in damage from rupture or explosion. Always replace worn or damaged tanks.



- Tanks rust from moisture build-up, which weakens the tank. Make sure to drain tank daily and inspect periodically for unsafe conditions such as rust formation and corrosion.

- Fast moving air will stir up dust and debris which may be harmful. Release air slowly when draining moisture or depressurizing the compressor system.
- STOP the engine whenever leaving the work area, before cleaning, making repairs or inspections. When cleaning,

repairing or inspecting, make certain all moving parts have stopped. Disconnect the spark plug wire and keep the wire away from the plug to prevent accidental starting.

- Allow engine to cool before storing.

Spraying Precautions

⚠WARNING

Do not spray flammable materials in vicinity of open flame or near ignition sources including the compressor unit.



- Do not smoke when spraying paint, insecticides, or other flammable substances.
- Use a face mask/respirator when spraying and spray in a well ventilat-

ed area to prevent health and fire hazards.

- Do not direct paint or other sprayed material at the compressor. Locate compressor as far away from the spraying area as possible to minimize overspray accumulation on the compressor.
- When spraying or cleaning with solvents or toxic chemicals, follow the instructions provided by the chemical manufacturer.

⚠DANGER

Breathable Air Warning

This compressor/pump is not equipped and should not be used "as is" to supply breathing quality air. For any application of air for human consumption, the air compressor/pump will need to be fitted with suitable in-line safety and alarm equipment. This additional equipment is necessary to properly filter and purify the air to meet minimal specifications for Grade D breathing as described in Compressed Gas Association Commodity Specification G 7.1 - 1966, OSHA 29 CFR 1910. 134, and/or Canadian Standards Associations (CSA).

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES

In the event the compressor is used for the purpose of breathing air application and proper in-line safety and alarm equipment is not simultaneously used, existing warranties shall be voided, and **Campbell Hausfeld** disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss, personal injury or damage.

Safety Instructions (continued)

Warning Labels

Find and read all warning labels found on the air compressor shown below



⚠ WARNING	⚠ AVERTISSEMENT	⚠ ADVERTENCIA
<p>• READ INSTRUCTION MANUAL BEFORE OPERATING.</p> <p>• RISK OF FIRE OR EXPLOSION - DO NOT SPRAY COMBUSTIBLE/FLAMMABLE LIQUID IN A CONFINED AREA. SPRAY AREA MUST BE WELL VENTILATED. DO NOT SMOKE WHILE SPRAYING OR SPRAY WHERE SPARK OR FLAME IS PRESENT. ARCING PARTS - KEEP COMPRESSOR AT LEAST 20 FEET AWAY FROM SPRAYING AREA AND ALL EXPLOSIVE VAPOURS.</p> <p>• RISK OF INJURY - DO NOT DIRECT AIR STREAM AT BODY. USE EYE PROTECTION. COMPRESSOR STARTS AUTOMATICALLY. MOVING PARTS. DO NOT TOUCH. KEEP GUARDS IN PLACE. COMPRESSOR DOES NOT SUPPLY BREATHABLE AIR.</p> <p>• RISK OF BURSTING - DO NOT ADJUST REGULATOR TO RESULT IN OUTPUT PRESSURE GREATER THAN MARKED MAXIMUM PRESSURE OF ATTACHMENT. IF A REGULATOR HAS NOT BEEN INSTALLED, USE ONLY ATTACHMENT RATED AT 200 PSI OR HIGHER. DO NOT WELD ON OR REPAIR TANK - REPLACE. DO NOT OPERATE WITHOUT PROPER ASME SAFETY VALVE IN PLACE.</p> <p>• RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK - HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE. DISCONNECT FROM POWER SOURCE BEFORE SERVICING. COMPRESSOR MUST BE GROUNDING. DO NOT USE GROUNDING ADAPTORS. DO NOT EXPOSE TO RAIN. STORE INDOORS.</p> <p>IF CONNECTED TO A CIRCUIT PROTECTED BY FUSES, USE TIME-DELAY FUSE MARKED "D".</p> <p>COMPLIES WITH CCR462 (L)2.</p>	<p>• LIRE LE MANUEL D'UTILISATION AVANT DE FAIRE FONCTIONNER LE MODÈLE.</p> <p>• RISQUE D'INCENDIE OU D'EXPLOSION - NE PAS PULVÉRISER LES LIQUIDES COMBUSTIBLES/ INFLAMMABLES DANS UN ENDRIT CLOS. L'ENDROIT DE PULVÉRISATION DOIT ÊTRE BIEN VENTILÉ. NE PAS FUMER PENDANT LA PULVÉRISATION NI PULVÉRISER DANS L'ENDROIT D'UNE FLAMME OU D'UNE ÉTINCELLE. PIÈCES QUI PROJETENT DES ÉTINCELLES - GARDER LE COMPRESSEUR AU MOINS 6,1 M DE L'ENDROIT DE PULVÉRISATION ET DE TOUTES VAPEURS EXPLOSIVES.</p> <p>• RISQUE DE BLESSURE - NE PAS DIRIGER LE JET D'AIR VERS VOTRE CORPS. UTILISER LA PROTECTION OCULAIRE. LE COMPRESSEUR SE DÉMARRE AUTOMATIQUÉMENT. PIÈCES MOBILES NE TOUCHEZ PAS. GARDER LES APPAREILS PROTÉCTEURS EN PLACE. LE COMPRESSEUR NE FOURNIT PAS DE L'AIR RESPIRABLE.</p> <p>• RISQUE D'ÉCLATEMENT - NE PAS AJUSTER LE RÉGULATEUR AFIN D'OBTENIR UNE PRESSION DE DÉCHARGE PLUS ÉLEVÉE QUE LA PRESSION MAXIMUM DE L'ACCESSOIRE. SI IL N'Y A PAS DE RÉGULATEUR, UTILISER SEULEMENT LES ACCESSOIRES QUI SONT CLASSIFIÉS À 1379 kPa OU PLUS. NE PAS SOUDER SUR UN RÉPARER LE RESERVOIR - LE REMPLACER. NE PAS FAIRE FONCTIONNER SANS QU'IL Y AIT UNE SOUPEPE DE SÛRETÉ ASME EN PLACE.</p> <p>• RISQUE DE SECOUSSE ÉLECTRIQUE - TENSION HASARDEUSE. DÉBRANCHER DE LA SOURCE DE PUISSANCE AVANT DE PROCÉDER À L'ENTRETIEN. LE COMPRESSEUR SE DOIT ÊTRE MIS À LA TERRE. NE PAS UTILISER DES ADAPTATEURS DE MISE À LA TERRE. NE PAS EXPOSER À LA PLUIE. L'ENTREPOSER À L'INTÉRIEUR.</p> <p>SI BRANCHE À UN CIRCUIT PROTÉGÉ PAR DES FUSIBLES, UTILISER UNE FUSIBLE À RETARDÉMENT MARQUÉE "D".</p> <p>SE CONFORME AU CCR462 (L)2.</p>	<p>• LEA EL MANUAL DE INSTRUCCIONES ANTE DE OPERAR.</p> <p>• RIESGO DE INCENDIO O EXPLOSION - NO ROCE LIQUIDOS COMBUSTIBLES/INFLAMMABLES EN UN ÁREA ENCERRADA. EL ÁREA DE TRABAJO DEBE ESTAR BIEN VENTILADA. NO FUME MIENTRAS ESTE ROCIANDO NI ROCE CERCA DE CHISPAS O LLAMAS. PIEZAS QUE PRODUCEN ARROS ELECTRICOS/MANTENGA EL COMPRESOR AL MENOS A 6,1 M DE DISTANCIA DEL ÁREA DONDE ESTE ROCIANDO O DE DONDE HAYA CUALQUIER TIPO DE VAPORES EXPLOSIVOS.</p> <p>• RIESGO DE HERIDAS - NO DIRJA EL FLUJO DE AIRE DIRECTAMENTE AL CUERPO. PROTÉJASE LA VISTA. EL COMPRESOR SE ENCIENDE AUTOMÁTICAMENTE. PIEZAS QUE SE MUEVEN, NO LAS TOQUE. MANTÉNGALAS PROTEGIDAS. EL COMPRESOR NO LE SUMINISTRA AIRE RESPIRABLE.</p> <p>• RIESGO DE EXPLOSIÓN - NO AJUSTE EL REGULADOR PARA OBTENER UNA PRESIÓN DE SALIDA SUPERIOR A LA INDICADA COMO PRESIÓN MÁXIMA DEL ACCESORIO. SI NO HA INSTALADO UN REGULADOR, USE SOLO ACCESORIOS DISEÑADOS PARA PRESIONES DE 13,8 BAR O MÁS. NO SUELDE NI REPARÉ EL TANQUE - REEMPLÁCELO. NO LO OPERE SIN HABERLE INSTALADO UNA VALVULA DE SEGURIDAD ASME ADECUADA.</p> <p>• RIESGO DE CHOQUE ELÉCTRICO - VOLTAJE PELIGROSO. DESCONÉCTELO DEL TOMACORRIENTES ANTES DE DARLE SERVICIO. EL COMPRESOR SE DEBE CONECTAR A TIERRA. NO USE ADAPTADORES PARA CONECTARLO A TIERRA. NO LO DEJE A LA INTemperIE. ALMACÉNELO BAJO TECHO.</p> <p>SI LO CONECTA A UN CIRCUITO PROTEGIDO CON FUSIBLES, USE FUSIBLES DE ACCIÓN RETARDADA TIPO "D".</p> <p>CUMPLE CON LAS ESPECIFICACIONES CCR462 (L)2. DK724100AV 10</p>

Figure 1

Glossary of Terms

ASME Safety Valve

A safety valve that automatically releases the air if the air receiver (tank) pressure exceeds the preset maximum.

PSI (Pounds per Square Inch)

Measurement of the pressure exerted by the force of the air. The actual psi output is measured by a pressure gauge on the compressor

SCFM (Standard Cubic Feet per Minute)

Sometimes called CFM (Cubic Feet per Minute). Measurement of air volume delivered by the compressor.

Air Delivery

A combination of psi and SCFM. The air delivery required by a tool is stated as (number) SCFM at (number) psi. The combination of these figures determines what size unit is needed.

Air Tank Capacity

The volume of air stored in the tank and available for immediate use. A large tank allows the intermittent use of an air tool with an air requirement higher than the compressor's rated delivery.

Volts or Voltage

A measurement of the force of an electrical current.

Amps or Amperage

A measure of the electrical force minus the resistance on an electrical line. Ridgid air compressors require 15 amps for operation. Be sure the compressor will operate on an electrical line with the proper amps. If other appliances operate on the same line, they will reduce the available amps. If the amperage is not adequate, the result will be blown fuses or tripped circuits.

Regulator

A control that adjusts the line pressure to the proper amount needed to operate spray guns and air tools.

Tank Pressure Gauge

Indicates tank pressure in psi.

Line Pressure Gauge

Displays the current line pressures. It is regulated by the regulator knob.

Cut-in/Cut-off Pressure

Specific psi at which a compressor starts and stops while refilling the air tank.

Unpacking and Checking Contents

1. Remove the air compressor from the carton.
2. Place the compressor on a secure, stationary work surface and look it over carefully.

⚠WARNING

Do not operate unit if damaged during shipping, handling or use. Damage may result in bursting and cause injury or property damage.

⚠WARNING

For your own safety, never operate unit until all assembly steps are complete and until you have read and understood the entire operator's manual.

⚠WARNING

To reduce the risk of injury, if any parts are missing, do not attempt to assemble the air compressor until the missing parts are obtained and installed correctly.

Getting to Know Your Air Compressor

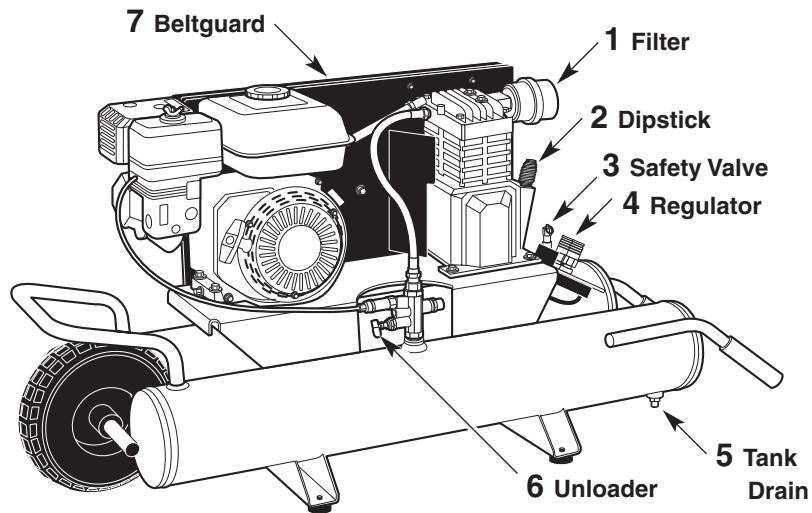


Figure 2

1. **Air Filter.** The air filter keeps dirt and debris from entering the compressor pump.
2. **Dipstick.** The dipstick measures the oil level in the compressor pump (See Figure 3).
3. **ASME Safety Valve.** This valve automatically releases air if the tank pressure exceeds the preset maximum.
4. **Regulator Knob.** This knob controls air pressure to an air operated tool or paint spray gun. Turning the knob clockwise increases air pressure at the outlet. Turning counterclockwise will lower air pressure at the outlet. Fully counterclockwise will shut off the flow of air completely (See Figure 4).
5. **Tank Drain Valve.** The tank drain valve allows moisture to be removed from the tank. Note that each tank has its own tank drain valve.
6. **Unloader.** The unloader controls the engine rpm. When loaded, the engine will run at maximum operating speed and air will enter the tank. When unloaded, the engine will slow to an idle and air will vent to atmosphere.
7. **Belt Guard.** The belt guard encloses the pulleys and drive belt. It protects the user from moving parts and directs cooling air to the compressor pump

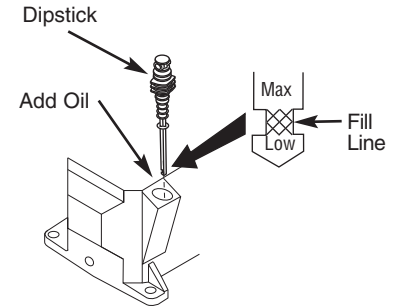


Figure 3

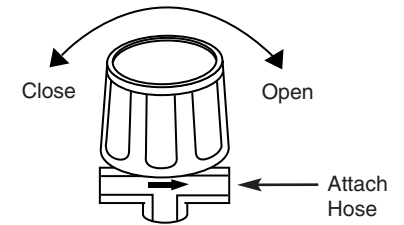


Figure 4

Operating Your Air Compressor

NOTICE

Before starting the compressor, thoroughly read all component instruction manuals, especially the engine manual.

NOTICE

Drain liquid from tank daily.

CAUTION

Do not attach air tools to open end of the hose until start-up is completed and unit checks OK.

All lubricated compressor pumps discharge some condensed water and oil with the compressed air. Install appropriate water/oil removal equipment and controls as necessary for the intended application.

NOTICE

Failure to install appropriate water/oil removal equipment may result in damage to machinery or workpiece.

Moisture in Compressed Air

Moisture in compressed air will form into droplets as it comes from an air compressor pump. When humidity is high or when a compressor is in continuous use for an extended period of time, this moisture will collect in the tank. When using a paint spray or sandblast gun, this water will be carried from the tank through the hose, and out of the gun as droplets mixed with the spray material.

IMPORTANT: This condensation will cause water spots in a paint job, especially when spraying other than water based paints. If sandblasting, it will cause the sand to cake and clog the gun, rendering it ineffective.

A filter in the air line, located as near to the gun as possible, will help eliminate this moisture.

Lubrication

CAUTION

THIS UNIT CONTAINS NO OIL!
Follow lubrication instructions before operating compressor.

Remove the dipstick/ breather and fill pump with 12 ounces of oil. Use single viscosity, ISO 100 (SAE 30), non-detergent compressor oil; or Mobil 1® 5W30 or 10W30 synthetic oil may also be used. Proper oil fill is illustrated in Figure 5.

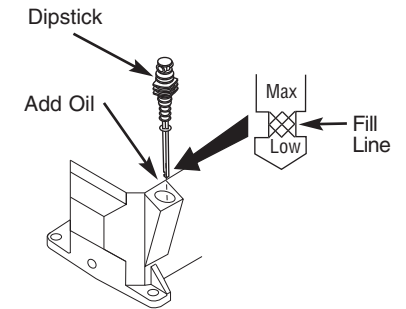


Figure 5

Start-Up

1. Fill engine with oil and gasoline per instructions furnished with engine.
2. Remove the compressor dipstick breather and fill pump to the proper oil level.
3. Turn regulator knob counterclockwise to open air flow.
4. Turn manual unloader lever up to a horizontal position to allow the compressor pump to run without compressing air. (See Figure 6).

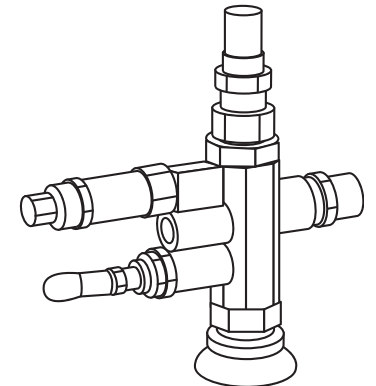


Figure 6 - Manual Lever Unloaded Position

Operating Your Air Compressor (continued)

To Start Gasoline Engine

5. Move the choke lever to the CHOKE position, turn the fuel lever ON, and turn the engine stop switch to the ON position.
6. Pull start grip lightly until resistance is felt, and then pull briskly.
7. As the engine warms up, gradually move the choke lever to the open position. See gas engine manual for more details.
8. Run the compressor unloaded for approximately 30 minutes to break in the pump.
9. After approximately 30 minutes, move the unloader lever down to the loaded position and turn the regulator knob clockwise (See Figures 7 and 8). The compressor will begin to pump air into the tank.

When maximum tank pressure is reached, the compressor automatically unloads, bringing the engine to idle. The engine remains at idle until tank pressure falls to a preset level. The engine then accelerates and the compressor pumps additional air into the tank.

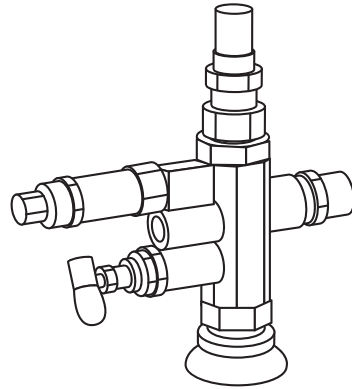


Figure 7 - Manual Lever Loaded Position

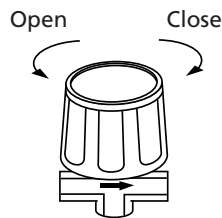


Figure 8 - Regulator Knob

Maintenance

⚠WARNING

Release all pressure from the system before attempting to install, service, relocate or perform any maintenance.

⚠DANGER

Do not attempt to tamper with the ASME safety valve!

In order to maintain efficient operation of the compressor system, check the air filter weekly (per maintenance schedule), oil level and gasoline level before each use. The ASME safety valve should also be checked weekly. Pull ring on safety valve and allow the ring to snap back to normal position. This valve automatically releases air if the tank pressure exceeds the preset maximum. If air leaks after the ring has been released, or the valve is stuck and cannot be actuated by the ring, the ASME safety valve **MUST** be replaced.

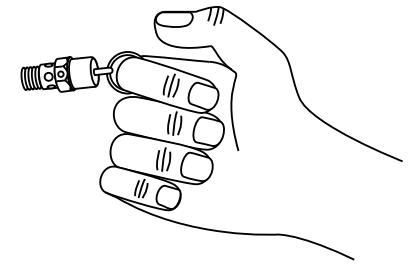


Figure 9

With engine OFF, clean debris from engine, flywheel, tank, air lines and pump cooling fins.

Maintenance Schedule

Operation	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	3 Months
Check Oil Level	●			
Drain Tank	●			
Check Air Filter		●		
Check Safety Valve		●		
Blow Dirt From Unit		●		
Check Belt Tightness			●	
Change Oil				●

Maintenance (continued)

Tank

⚠ DANGER

Never attempt to repair or modify a tank! Welding, drilling or any other modification will weaken the tank resulting in damage from rupture or explosion. Always replace worn, cracked or damaged tanks.

NOTICE

Drain liquid from tank daily.

The tank should be carefully inspected at a minimum of once a year. Look for cracks forming near the welds. If a crack is detected, remove pressure from tank immediately and replace.

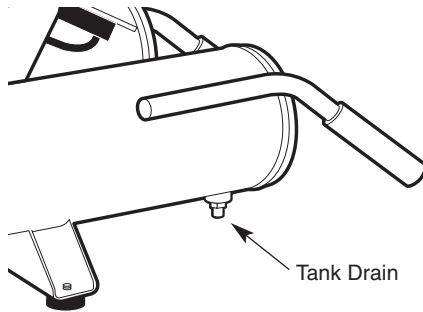


Figure 10

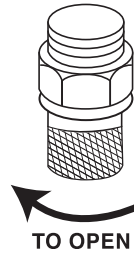


Figure 11

Filter Removal, Inspection and Replacement

To change a filter, pull off the filter housing cover. If filter element is dirty, replace element or entire filter.

Drive Belt

Belt stretch is a result of normal use. When properly adjusted, the belt deflects about 1/2" with five pounds of pressure applied midway between the engine pulley and pump (See Figure 12).

To adjust drive belt tension:

1. Remove belt guard and loosen engine brace.
2. Loosen the four fasteners holding the engine to the baseplate.
3. Shift the engine in the proper direction. The belt must be properly aligned when adjustment is made.
4. To align belt, lay a straight edge against the face of the flywheel, touching the rim at two places (See Figure 13).
5. Adjust flywheel or engine pulley so that the belt runs parallel to the straight edge.
6. Use a gear puller to move the pulley on the shaft and tighten fasteners.
7. Adjust brace and reinstall.

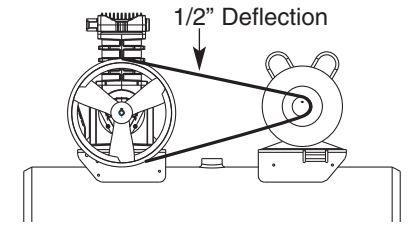


Figure 12

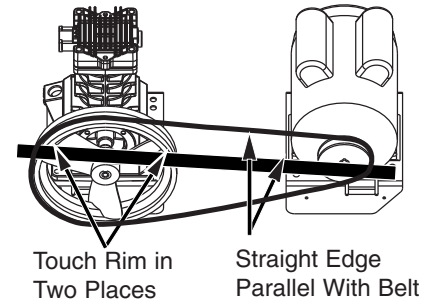


Figure 13

Storage

1. When not in use, hose and compressor should be stored in a cool, dry place.
2. Tanks should be drained of moisture. Hose should be disconnected and hung with open ends down to allow any moisture to drain.

Troubleshooting

⚠WARNING

For your own safety do not try and run the air compressor while troubleshooting.

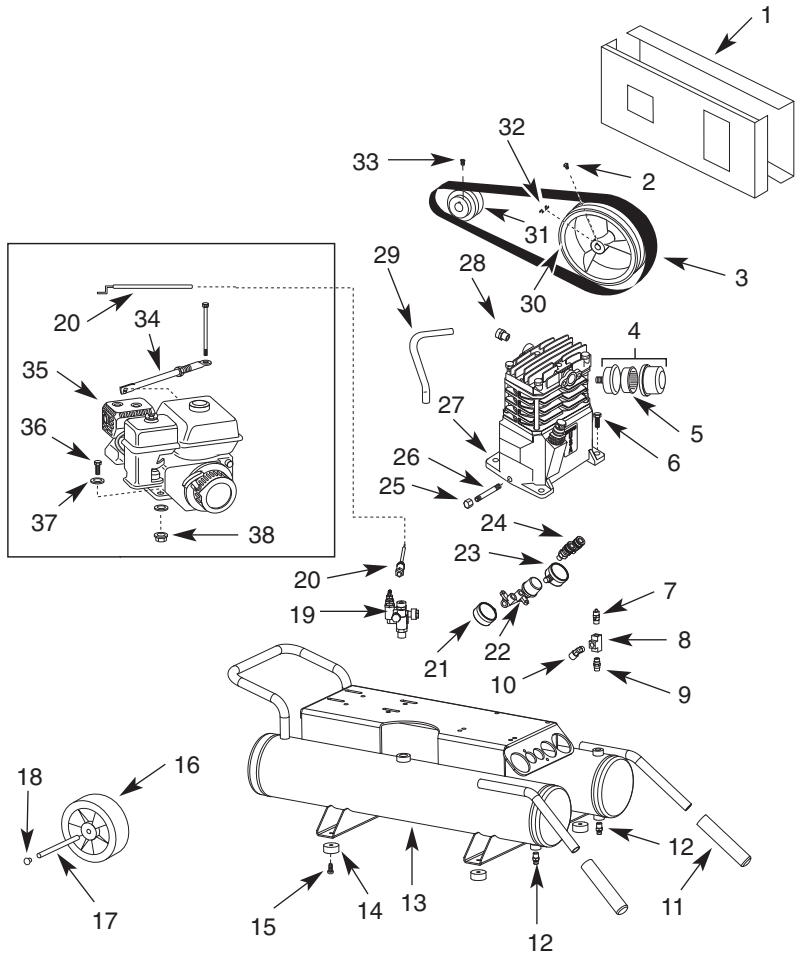
TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Low discharge pressure	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Air leaks Leaking valves Restricted air intake Slipping belts Blown gaskets Low compression 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Listen for escaping air. Apply soap solution to all fittings and connections. Bubbles will appear at points of leakage. Tighten or replace leaking fittings or connections Remove head and inspect for valve breakage, weak valves, scored valve seats, etc. Replace defective parts and reassemble <p>⚠CAUTION Be sure that the old head gasket is replaced with a new one each time the head is removed</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Clean the air filter element Loosen engine clamping bolts and move the engine in a direction away from the compressor, being sure that the engine pulley is perfectly aligned with the flywheel. Tighten engine clamping bolts. The belt should deflect about 1/2" under 5-lbs of force. Do not "roll" belts over pulleys Replace any gaskets proven faulty on inspection Low pressure can be due to worn rings and cylinder walls. Correction is made by replacing the rings, cylinders, and pistons as required

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Overheating	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Poor ventilation Dirty cooling surfaces 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Relocate the compressor to an area where an ample supply of cool, clean, dry and well-circulated air is available Clean the cooling surfaces of pump and motor/engine
Excessive belt wear	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Pulley out of alignment Belt too loose or too tight Belt slipping Pulley wobbles 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Realign engine pulley with compressor pulley Adjust tension (See Drive Belt Section) Adjust tension or replace belt (See Drive Belt Section) Check for worn crankshaft, keyway or pulley bore resulting from running the compressor or motor with loose pulleys. Check for bent pulleys or bent crankshaft
Unit stalls	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Low engine idle Improper lubrication Low oil level Defective unloader valve 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Increase idle, refer to engine manual for details See LUBRICATION, under Assembly Check oil level. Fill if necessary Replace
Excessive noise (knocking)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Loose engine or compressor pulley Lack of oil in crankcase Worn connecting rod Worn piston pin bushing 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Loose engine or compressor pulleys are a very common cause of compressors knocking. Tighten pulley clamp bolts and set-screws Check for proper oil level; if low, check for possible damage to bearings. Dirty oil can cause excessive wear Replace connecting rod Remove piston assemblies from the compressor and inspect for excess wear. Replace excessively worn piston pin or pistons, as required

Troubleshooting

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Excessive noise (knocking) <i>Continued</i>	5. Worn bearings 6. Piston hitting the valve plate 7. Noisy check valve	5. Replace worn bearings and change oil 6. Remove the compressor head and valve plate and inspect for carbon deposits or other foreign matter on top of piston. Replace head and valve plate using new gasket 7. Replace
Oil in the discharge air	1. Worn piston rings 2. Compressor air intake restricted 3. Restricted breather 4. Excessive oil in compressor 5. Wrong oil viscosity 6. Connecting rod out of alignment	1. Replace with new rings 2. Clean filter. Check for other restrictions in the intake system 3. Clean and check breather for free operation 4. Drain down to full level 5. Use SAE 30 (ISO 100) non-detergent compressor oil 6. Replace rod

Notes



For Repair Parts, Call 1-800-4-RIDGID

Please provide following information:

- Model number
- Serial number (if any)
- Part description and number as shown in parts list

Key No	Part Number	Descriptions	Qty	Key No	Part Number	Descriptions	Qty
1	BG220900AJ	Belt guard assembly	1	26	ST083800AV	Oil drain extension	1
2	ST026200AV	Setscrew	1	27	VT470000KB	Pump	1
3	BT023100AV	Belt	1	28	ST159001AJ	Compression assembly	1
4	ST073915AV	Filter assembly	1	29	VT046300AP	Discharge tube	1
5	ST073916AV	Filter element	1	30	PU015900AV	Flywheel	1
6	ST070827AV	Screw	4	31	PU015400AV	Pulley	1
7	V-215100AV	ASME Safety valve	1	32	KE000900AV	3/16" Key	1
8	ST183700AV	Tee fitting	1	33	ST012200AV	Square head set screw	1
9	HF002401AV	Nipple	1	34	BG208800AJ	Brace assembly	1
10	ST119704AV	Elbow fitting	2	35	NG002502AV	Engine	1
11	ST160000AV	Handle grip	2	36	ST70625AV	Hex head screw	4
12	D-1403	Drain valve	2	37	ST011200AV	Washer	8
13	AR052200CG	Tank	1	38	AL014000AJ	Locknut	4
14	ST158300AV	Rubber foot	4				
15	ST116400AV	Screw	4				
16	WA005500AV	10" Pneumatic wheel	1				
17	AA021800AV	Axle rod	1				
18	ST073613AV	Plug	2				
19	ST128407AV	Throttle unloader	1				
20	CV006404AV	Throttle control	1				
21	GA016705AV	Gauge, left	1				
22	WL017600AV	Regulator	1				
23	GA016709AV	Gauge, right	1				
24	HF203300AV	Coupler	2				
25	ST150100AV	Oil drain cap	1				

Notes _____

Notes _____



Catalog No. ###
 Model No. GP90135
 Serial No. ###
 The model and serial numbers may be found on your unit. You should record both model and serial number in a safe place for future use.

RIDGID® AIR COMPRESSOR LIMITED THREE YEAR WARRANTY AND 90-DAY SATISFACTION GUARANTEE POLICY

This product is manufactured by The Campbell Group under a trademark license from Ridgid, Inc. All warranty communications should be directed to The Campbell Group, attn: RIDGID air compressor technical service at (toll free) 1-800-4-RIDGID.

90-DAY SATISFACTION GUARANTEE POLICY

During the first 90 days after the date of purchase, if you are dissatisfied with the performance of this RIDGID air compressor for any reason you may return the air compressor to the dealer from which it was purchased for a full refund or exchange. To receive a replacement air compressor you must present proof of purchase and return all original equipment packaged with the original product. The replacement air compressor will be covered by the limited warranty for the balance of the three-year warranty period.

WHAT IS COVERED UNDER THE LIMITED THREE YEAR WARRANTY

This warranty covers all defects in workmanship or materials in this RIDGID air compressor for the three-year period from the date of purchase. This warranty is specific to this air compressor. Warranties for other RIDGID products may vary.

HOW TO OBTAIN SERVICE

To obtain service for this RIDGID air compressor you must return it, freight prepaid, to a service center authorized to repair RIDGID air compressors. You may obtain the location of the service center nearest you by calling (toll free) 1-800-4-RIDGID or by logging on to the RIDGID website at www.ridgid.com. When requesting warranty service, you must present the proof of purchase documentation, which includes a date of purchase. The authorized service center will repair any faulty workmanship, and either repair or replace any defective part, at our option at no charge to you.

WHAT IS NOT COVERED

- A. Implied warranties, including those of merchantability and FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE LIMITED FROM THE DATE OF ORIGINAL PURCHASE AS STATED IN THE DURATION. If this compressor is used for commercial, industrial or rental purposes, the warranty will apply for ninety (90) days from the date of purchase. Extreme Duty Contractor Compressors are not limited to a ninety (90) day warranty when used in contractor applications. Four cylinder single-stage and two-stage compressors are not limited to a ninety (90) day warranty when used in commercial or industrial applications. Some States do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitations may not apply to you.
- B. ANY INCIDENTAL, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS, DAMAGE, OR EXPENSE THAT MAY RESULT FROM ANY DEFECT, FAILURE, OR MALFUNCTION OF THE CAMPBELL HAUSFELD PRODUCT. Some States do not allow the exclusion or limitations of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.
- C. Any failure that results from an accident, purchaser's abuse, neglect or failure to operate products in accordance with instructions provided in the owner's manual(s) supplied with compressor.
- D. Pre-delivery service, i.e. assembly, oil or lubricants, and adjustment.
- E. Items or service that are normally required to maintain the product, i.e. lubricants, filters and gaskets, etc.
- F. Gasoline engines and components are expressly excluded from coverage under this limited warranty. The Purchaser must comply with the warranty given by the engine manufacturer which is supplied with the product.
- G. Additional items not covered under this warranty:
 - 1. All Compressors
 - Any component damaged in shipment or any failure caused by installing or operating unit under conditions not in accordance with installation and operation guidelines or damaged by contact with tools or surroundings.
 - Pump or valve failure caused by rain, excessive humidity, corrosive environments or other contaminants.
 - Cosmetic defects that do not interfere with compressor functionality.
 - Rusted tanks, including but not limited to rust due to improper drainage or corrosive environments.
 - Electric motors, check valves and pressure switches after the first year of ownership.
 - Drain cocks.
 - Damage due to incorrect voltage or improper wiring.
 - Other items not listed but considered general wear parts.
 - Pressure switches, air governors and safety valves modified from factory settings.
 - 2. Lubricated Compressors
 - Pump wear or valve damage caused by using oil not specified.
 - Pump wear or valve damage caused by any oil contamination or by failure to follow proper oil maintenance guidelines.
 - 3. Belt Drive / Direct Drive / Gas Driven Compressors
 - Belts.
 - Ring wear or valve damage from inadequate filter maintenance.
 - Manually adjusted load/unload and throttle control devices.

ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS

To the extent permitted by applicable law, all implied warranties, including warranties of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, are disclaimed. Any implied warranties, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, that cannot be disclaimed under state law are limited to three years from the date of purchase. The Campbell Group is not responsible for direct, indirect, incidental or consequential damages. Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts and/or do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights, which vary from state to state.

QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS

CALL 1-800-4-RIDGID

www.ridgid.com

Please have your Model Number and Serial Number on hand when calling.

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